

	Thicknesses	Occlusion	Pontic	Connector cross section	Submerged implant	Vertical dimension	Milled strategy
Crown	Cervical 0,4 mm Occlusal 0,6MM	Light occlusion in intercuspal occlusion and without contacts in excursive movements.					PMMA Dry or Wet
Bridge		Light occlusion in intercuspal occlusion and without contacts in excursive movements.	2 pontics between crowns 3 pontics between implants.	Anterior: 9 mm ² or more. Posterior: 13 mm ² or more			PMMA Dry or Wet
Meryland Provisional treatments	Minimum 0,6 mm	Without occlusion	1 pontic with supports on both sides. Only in anterior area.	Minimum 9 mm ²			PMMA Dry or Wet
Inlays onlays	Cervical 0,4 mm Occlusal 0,6 mm	Light occlusion in intercuspal occlusion and without contacts in excursive movements.					PMMA Dry or Wet
Veneers	Minimum 0,3 mm	Upper veneers singulum natural occlusion with the lower arch and lower veneers soft occlusion and no interference in protrusive and lateral movements.					PMMA Dry or Wet
Implants	Emergence profile minimum 1mm, around the abutment 2,5 mm and occlusal 1,5mm.	Crowns: light occlusion in intercuspal occlusion and without contacts in excursive movements. Half arch: functional occlusion in intercuspal occlusion and bilateral group function. Full arch: balanced articulation.	3 Elements. If we have more than 3 pontics, make assessment of load factors. *	Anterior: 9 mm ² or more. Posterior: 13 mm ² or more	Place with an appropriate height abutment, to raise the connection up to the gingiva as possible and thus ensure the thickness of the emergence profile in the restoration and avoid descementation.	If the height of the tibase do not exceed the 50% of the height of the restoration, it will have to be replaced with abutment, to ensure the stability of the structure and avoid descementation.	PMMA Dry or Wet
Cantilever		Without occlusion. *	1 pontic, maximum 11 mm in length. *	Minimum 13 mm ² and do not individualize the structure at the lingual or palatinal area.			PMMA Dry or Wet

* If there are more than three pontics between abutments it will be necessary to evaluate the load factors, but in case of doubt we recommend reinforce internally the G-CAM with a structural material.

* If there are more than 1 cantilever bridge, it is necessary to reinforce internally the G-CAM with a structural material. Periodically check the occlusion, to eliminate interferences and premature point of occlusion in the cantilever tooth.